Year 1			
Skills	National Curriculum	Key knowledge	Key vocabulary
Computer systems and networks	Computer systems and networks	Computer systems and networks	Computer systems and networks
Learning where keys are located on the keyboard. (Computer science).	Use technology purposefully to create, organise, store, manipulate and retrieve digital	To know that "log in and log out" means to begin and end a connection with a computer.	Software Computer
Learning how to explore and tinker with hardware (CS).	content. (DL)	To know that a computer and mouse	Computer
Using a basic range of tools within graphic editing software. (Information technology).	Recognise common uses of information technology beyond school. (IT)	can be used to click, drag, fill and select and also add backgrounds, text, layers, shapes and clip art.	
Developing control of the mouse through dragging, clicking and resizing of images to create different effects. (IT)	Use technology safely and respectfully, keeping personal information private; identify	To know that passwords are important for security.	
Developing understanding of different software tools.(IT)	where to go for help and support when they have concerns about content or contact on the	To know that when we create something on a computer it can be more easily saved and shared than a	
Recognising devices that are connected to the internet. (IT)	internet or other online technologies. (DL)	paper version. To know some of the simple graphic	
Logging in and out and saving work on their own account. (Digital Literacy).		design features of a piece of online software.	
Programming (1 and 2)	Programming (1 and 2)	Programming (1 and 2)	Programming (1 and 2)
Recognising that some devices are input devices and others are output devices (CS). 1	Understand what algorithms are, how they are implemented as programs on digital devices and	To understand that an algorithm is when instructions are put in an exact order.	Algorithm Bug Code
Learning how to explore and tinker with hardware. (CS) $\ensuremath{2}$	that programs execute by following precise and unambiguous instructions. (CS) 1	To know that input devices get information into a computer and that	Debug Decompose Decomposition
Learning how to operate a camera to take photos and videos. (CS) 2	and 2	output devices get information out of a computer.	Device Input
Using decomposition to solve unplugged challenges. (CS). 1 and 2 $$	Create and debug simple programs. (CS) 1 and 2	To understand that decomposition means breaking a problem into manageable chunks and that it is important in computing.	Output Programming Sensor

Developing the skills associated with sequencing in unplugged activities. (CS). 1 and 2 Using logical reasoning to predict the behaviour of simple programs. (CS). 2 Following a basic set of instructions. (CS) 1 and 2 Assembling instructions into a simple algorithm. (CS)1 and 2 Learning to debug instructions when things go wrong. (CS) 1 and 2	Use logical reasoning to predict the behaviour of simple programs. (CS) 2	To know that we call errors in an algorithm 'bugs' and fixing these 'debugging'. To understand the basic functions of a Bee-Bot. To know that you can use a camera/tablet to make simple videos. To know that algorithms move a beebot accurately.	
Taking and editing photographs. (IT) 2 Creating media	Creating media	Creating media	Creating media
Creating media	Creating media	Creating media	Creating media
Learning how to explore and tinker with hardware. (CS) Learning where keys are located on the keyboard. (CS) Learning how to operate a camera to take photos and videos. (CS) Developing the skills associated with sequencing in unplugged activities. (CS) Using a basic range of tools within graphic editing software. (IT) Taking and editing photographs. (IT) Developing control of the mouse. (IT) Developing understanding of different software tools. (IT) Searching and downloading images from the internet safely. (IT) When using the internet to search for images, learning what to do if they come across something online that worries them or makes them feel uncomfortable. (DL)	Use logical reasoning to predict the behaviour of simple programs. (CS) Use technology purposefully to create, organise, store, manipulate and retrieve digital content. (DL) Recognise common uses of information technology beyond school. (IT) Use technology safely and respectfully, keeping personal information private; identify where to go for help and support when they have concerns about content or contact on the internet or other online technologies. (DL)	To understand that holding the camera still and considering angles and light are important to take good pictures. To know that you can edit, crop and filter photographs. To know how to search safely for images online.	Camera Device Download Software Image Import Internet Search engine Storage space Visual effects
Data Handling	Data Handling	Data Handling	Data Handling
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Learning how to explore and tinker with hardware. (CS) Recognising that some devices are input devices and others are output devices. (CS) Learning where keys are located on the keyboard. (CS) Developing control of the mouse. (IT) Developing understanding of different software tools. (IT) Recognising devices that are connected to the internet. (IT) Understanding that technology can be used to represent data. (IT) Using data representations to answer questions about data. (IT) Using software to explore and create pictograms and branching databases. (IT)	Use technology purposefully to create, organise, store, manipulate and retrieve digital content. (DL) Recognise common uses of information technology beyond school. (IT)	To know how that charts and pictograms can be created using a computer. To understand that a branching database is a way of classifying a group of objects. To know that computers understand different types of 'input'.	Bar chart Block graph Branching database Categorise Data record Data representation Line graph Information Pictogram Pie chart Tally Values
Skills showcase	Skills showcase	Skills showcase	Skills showcase
Learning where keys are located on the keyboard. (CS) Learning how to operate a camera to take photos and videos. (CS) Using logical reasoning to predict the behaviour of simple programs. (CS) Developing the skills associated with sequencing in unplugged activities. (CS) Following a basic set of instructions. (CS) Assembling instructions into a simple algorithm. (CS) Learning to debug instructions when things go wrong. (CS) Learning to debug an algorithm in an unplugged scenario. (CS)	Use technology purposefully to create, organise, store, manipulate and retrieve digital content. (DL)	To recognise that digital content can be represented in many forms. To create a digital image using a graphics editor. Use a basic range of tools on graphics editing software to design a rocket. Sequence instructions. Input data about their rockets into a table or spreadsheet.	Annotate Cells Components Data Debug Designing Digital content Digital image Document E-document Program Evaluate Input Instructions Sequence Software Spreadsheet

Using a basic range of tools within graphic editing software. (IT)		
Taking and editing photographs. (IT)		
Developing control of the mouse. (IT)		
Developing understanding of different software tools. (IT)		
Recognising devices that are connected to the internet. (IT)		
Understanding that technology can be used to represent data. (IT)		
Logging in and out and saving work on their own account. (DL)		